#### GSP+

#### The Way Forward

### EU and Pakistan

- Pakistan is an important international partner for the European Union
- Share both history and political, democratic, social and cultural values.
- Strengthened partnership through a five year engagement plan adopted in 2012.
- Cooperation on a wide range of issues, including political and security dialogue and economic issues.

### What is GSP

- GSP/GSP+ important factor in EU-Pakistan relations. Has received much attention.
- What is the generalised system of preferences?
  - Established according to WTO rules.
  - Aimed at helping developing countries.
  - Unilateral.
  - Reduces tariffs on imports of certain goods.
  - Includes exceptions for sensitive produces.

#### Different GSP schemes

- Regular GSP.
  - All lower middle income and lower income countries (WB).
  - Duty reductions on 66% of all tariff lines.
- Everything But Arms.
  - All Least Developed Countries (UN).
  - Zero duties on all tariff lines except arms.

#### Different GSP schemes

- GSP+
  - Special incentive arrangement for sustainable development and good governance.
  - Covers a total of 91 % of tariff lines with zero or reduced duties.
  - Available only to countries which ratify and implement 27 key conventions on human rights, labour rights and the environment.

#### GSP+

- Political instrument for the EU to encourage developing countries to strengthen democracy, human rights and good governance.
- Win-win for the countries in question. Creates economic growth while at the same time improving framework for businesses.
- Will be monitored on the part of EU. If conditions are not met the preferences can be revoked.

### **GSP+** and Pakistan

- During the last few years Pakistan has prepared by ratifying remaining conventions and removing reservations. An application was launched by Pakistan before the May 2013 elections.
- The Commission issued a decision granting Pakistan and 9 other countries GSP+ in August 2013, which was endorsed by the European Parliament in December.
- The Scheme entered into force 1 January 2014.

# **GSP+** and Pakistan

- Considerable potential to boost growth and employment.
- Enhancing exports to the EU.
  - Improved competitiveness.
  - Estimates varies: 600M\$ 2B\$.
  - Textile sector a big winner, but potential in other sectors as well.
- Strengthening investments.
  - EU companies.
  - Companies of 3<sup>rd</sup> countries.

### **GSP+** and Pakistan

- What is required to take advantage?
  - Create awareness among exporters and investors about the opportunities.
  - Some fairly simple technical requirements. Most important certificate of origin.
  - Continued focus on implementation of the 27 Conventions.
  - Improve framework conditions for doing business in Pakistan: Legislation, infrastructure, etc.
  - Work on diversification of exports

### **GSP+** The Conventions

- Human Rights: Civil and Political Rights, economic, social and cultural rights, Rights of women and children, prevention of torture and other inhuman treatment, etc.
- Labour rights: Prohibition of forced labour and child labour, prohibition of discrimination in the workplace, the right to organise and bargain collectively, etc.

# **GSP+** The Conventions

- Other conventions:
  - Biodiversity and biosafety.
  - Climate change.
  - Hazardous waste.
  - Trafficking in Narcotic drugs.
  - Corruption.
- List of all the conventions can be found in the GSP regulation

# GSP+ monitoring

- Not enough to sign and ratify conventions. Continuous progress in implementation must be ensured.
- EU will monitor progress in close cooperation with the GSP+ recipients.
- Enhanced dialogue on human rights, labour rights and the environment.
- Report every two years to European Parliament and EU Member States.

# GSP+ monitoring

- Role of the Government.
  - Ensure new legislation when necessary.
  - Enforce existing legislation.
  - Ensure timely reporting to Monitoring Bodies.
- Role of the business community.
  - Encourage Government to make progress.
  - Make sure that the conventions are respected in their own places of business.

### More information

- EU regulation 978/2012
- DG Trade website: ec.europa.eu/trade
- EU's export helpdesk: exporthelp.europa.eu

Thank You